



Segment Routing IGP Extensions OSPFv2

SR Capabilities

Inside a Type 10 Opaque LSA (Area wide scope)
Opaque Type 4 for Router Information

OSPFv2 SID/Label Range TLV (9)

- > Range Size - number of labels in the SRGB
- > Reserved

SID/Label Sub-TLV (1)

- > SID/Label ← In this case this represents the base label.

In OSPF the SR-Algorithm Sub-TLV will be attached to the same Type 10 Opaque LSA

SR-Algorithm Sub-TLV (19)

- > Algorithm 1
- > Algorithm 2
-
- > Algorithm n

The Router Information TLV will also be attached to this Type 4 Opaque LSA

Prefix-SID Advertisement

Inside a Type 10 Opaque LSA (Area wide scope)
Opaque Type 7 for Extended Prefix Opaque LSA

OSPFv2 Extended Prefix TLV (1)

- > Route Type - 0 = unspecified, 5 = external etc.
- > Prefix Length
- > AF - Address family of the prefix (0 or IPv4 in this case)
- > Flags
 - A (Attach) - Set by ABR for inter-area prefix that is locally connected/attached
 - N (Node) - Prefix identifies the advertising router. Preserved between areas
- > Prefix itself

OSPFv2 Prefix-SID Sub-TLV (1)

- > Flags
 - NP (no-PHP) - Set if PHP behaviour is NOT desired
 - M (Mapping Server) - Set if advertised from mapping server
 - E (Explicit Null) - Set if penultimate hop should swap prefix-SID with Explicit Null
 - V (Value) - Set if TLV carries label and not an index
 - L (Local) - Set if prefix-SID has local significance
- > Reserved
 - Always unset in Cisco IOS-XR
- > MT-ID - Multi-topology ID - always 0
- > Algorithm - 0 = base SPF, 1 = Strict SPF
- > SID/Index/Label - contains SID if V and L flags are unset

Mapping Server Advertisement

Inside a Type 10 Opaque LSA (Area wide scope)
Opaque Type 7 for Extended Prefix Opaque LSA

OSPFv2 Extended Range TLV (2)

- > Prefix Length: Prefix length for the first prefix in the range
- > AF - Address family of the prefix - 0 = IPv4, 1 = IPv6
- > Flags
 - IA (Intra Area) - This is set when Mapping server advertisements go between areas, to prevent looping between area. Non-backbone advertisements with IA bit set will not be propagated.
- > Address Prefix: The first prefix in the range

OSPFv2 Prefix-SID Sub-TLV (1)

- > Flags
 - NP (no-PHP) - Set if PHP behaviour is NOT desired. Ignore if M bit is set.
 - M (Mapping Server) - Set if advertised from mapping server. In this case it is set.
 - E (Explicit Null) - Set if explicit null is requested. Ignored if M bit is set.
 - V (Value) - Set if TLV carries label and not an index
 - L (Local) - Set if prefix-SID has local significance
- > Reserved
 - Always unset in Cisco IOS-XR
- > MT-ID - Multi-topology ID - always 0
- > Algorithm - 0 = base SPF, 1 = Strict SPF
- > SID/Index/Label - contains SID if V and L flags are unset ← Represents starting SID in range

Adjacency-SID Advertisement (point-to-point)

Inside a Type 10 Opaque LSA (Area wide scope)
Opaque Type 8 for Extended Link Opaque LSA

OSPFv2 Extended Link TLV (1)

- > Link Type - 1 is P2P, 2 is transit (DR), 3 stub (LAN), 4 Virtual Link
- > Reserved
- > Link ID - Both Link ID and Data
- > Link data - depend on the link type:

Link Type	Link ID	Link Data
1 - P2P using IP address	Neighbors Router ID	Interface IP Address
1 - P2P using IP unnumbered	Neighbors Router ID	Interface ifIndex
2 - Transit	IP address of DR	Interface IP Address
3 - Stub	Network IP Address	Network IP subnet mask
4 - Virtual Link	Neighbors Router ID	Interface IP Address

In the case of P2P Link ID will be 1

OSPFv2 Adjacency-SID Sub-TLV (2)

- > Flags
 - B (Backup) - if set then protection eligible
 - V (Value) - Set if Adj-SID carries absolute value ← Always set in Cisco IOS-XR
 - L (Local/Global) - Set if Local ← Always set in Cisco IOS-XR
 - S (Set) - Set if it refers to a set of Adjacencies ← Always unset in Cisco IOS-XR
 - > Reserved
 - > MT-ID - Multi-topology ID - always 0
 - > Weight: Value used for load balancing
 - > SID/Index/Label - contains MPLS label if V= 1 and L=0 ← This is the only combination supported by Cisco XR
- There will typically be two of these sub-TLVs, one for the projected Adj and one of the unprotected Adj

OSPF Remote Interface Address Sub-TLV (4)

- IPv4 Address (of neighbor interface)

Adjacency-SID Advertisement (LAN)

Inside a Type 10 Opaque LSA (Area wide scope)
Opaque Type 8 for Extended Link Opaque LSA

OSPFv2 Extended Link TLV (1)

- > Link Type - 1 = P2P, 2 = transit (DR), 3 = stub (LAN), 4 = Virtual Link
- > Reserved
- > Link ID - Both Link ID and Data
- > Link data - depend on the link type:

Link Type	Link ID	Link Data
1 - P2P using IP address	Neighbors Router ID	Interface IP Address
1 - P2P using IP unnumbered	Neighbors Router ID	Interface ifIndex
2 - Transit	IP address of DR	Interface IP Address
3 - Stub	Network IP Address	Network IP subnet mask
4 - Virtual Link	Neighbors Router ID	Interface IP Address

In the case of P2P Link ID will be 2

OSPFv2 Adjacency-SID Sub-TLV (2)

- > Flags
 - B (Backup) - if set then protection eligible
 - V (Value) - Set if Adj-SID carries absolute value ← Always set in Cisco IOS-XR
 - L (Local/Global) - Set if Local. ← Always set in Cisco IOS-XR
 - S (Set) - Set if it refers to a set of Adjacencies. ← Always unset in Cisco IOS-XR
 - > Reserved
 - > MT-ID - Multi-topology ID - always 0
 - > Weight: Value used for load balancing
 - > SID/Index/Label - contains MPLS label if V= 1 and L=0 ← This is the only combination supported by Cisco XR
- There will typically be two of these sub-TLVs, one for the projected Adj and one of the unprotected Adj
- This TLV is present for DR only

OSPFv2 Adjacency-SID Sub-TLV (3)

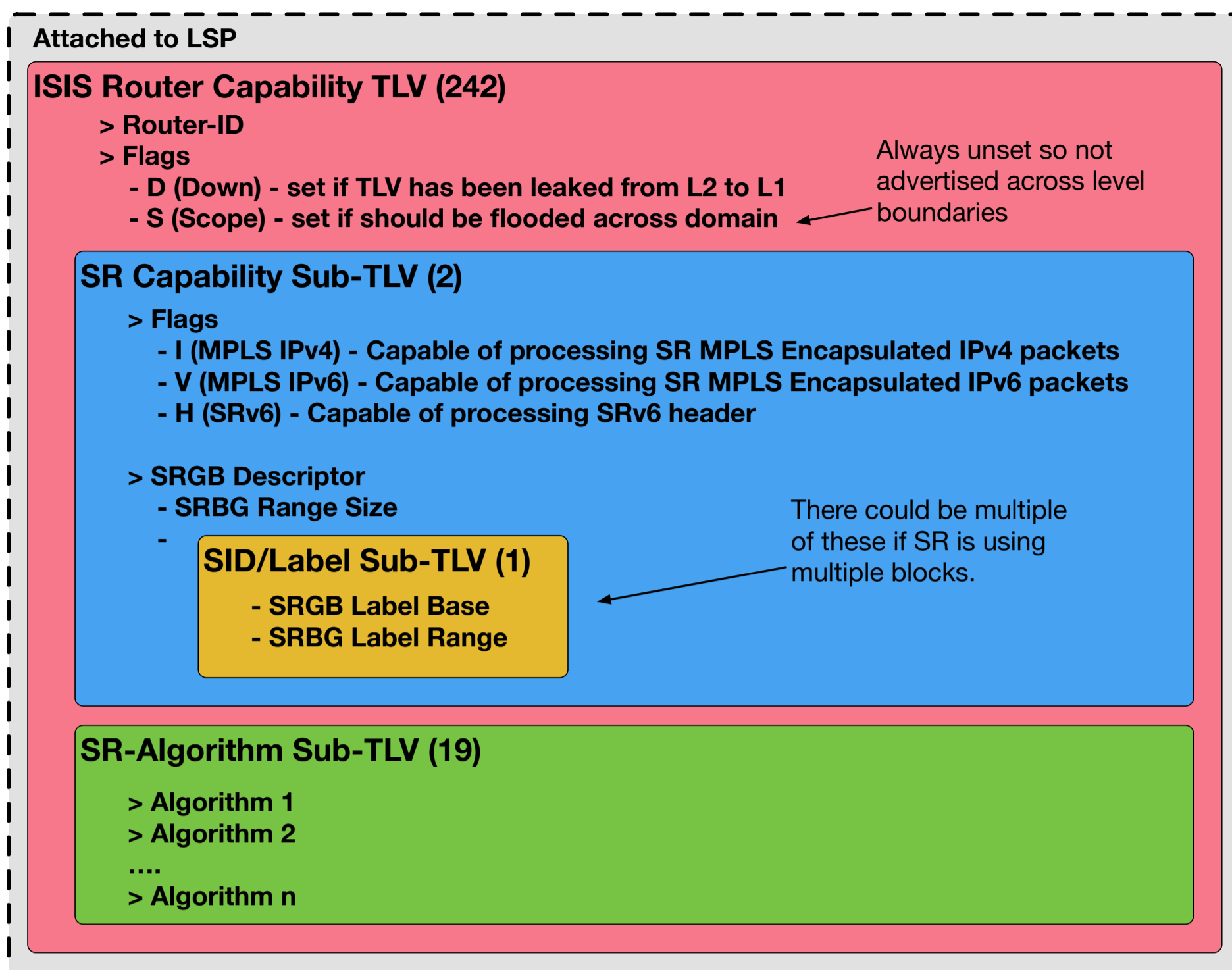
- > Flags
 - B (Backup) - if set then protection eligible
 - V (Value) - Set if Adj-SID carries absolute value ← Always set in Cisco IOS-XR
 - L (Local/Global) - Set if Local. ← Always set in Cisco IOS-XR
 - S (Set) - Set if it refers to a set of Adjacencies. ← Always unset in Cisco IOS-XR
 - > Reserved
 - > MT-ID - Multi-topology ID - always 0
 - > Weight: Value used for load balancing
 - > Neighbor ID - Router ID of the neighbouring node
 - > SID/Index/Label - contains MPLS label if V= 1 and L=0 ← This is the only combination supported by Cisco XR
- There will typically be two of these sub-TLVs, one for the projected Adj and one of the unprotected Adj
- This TLV is present for all non-DR devices

Segment Routing IGP Extensions

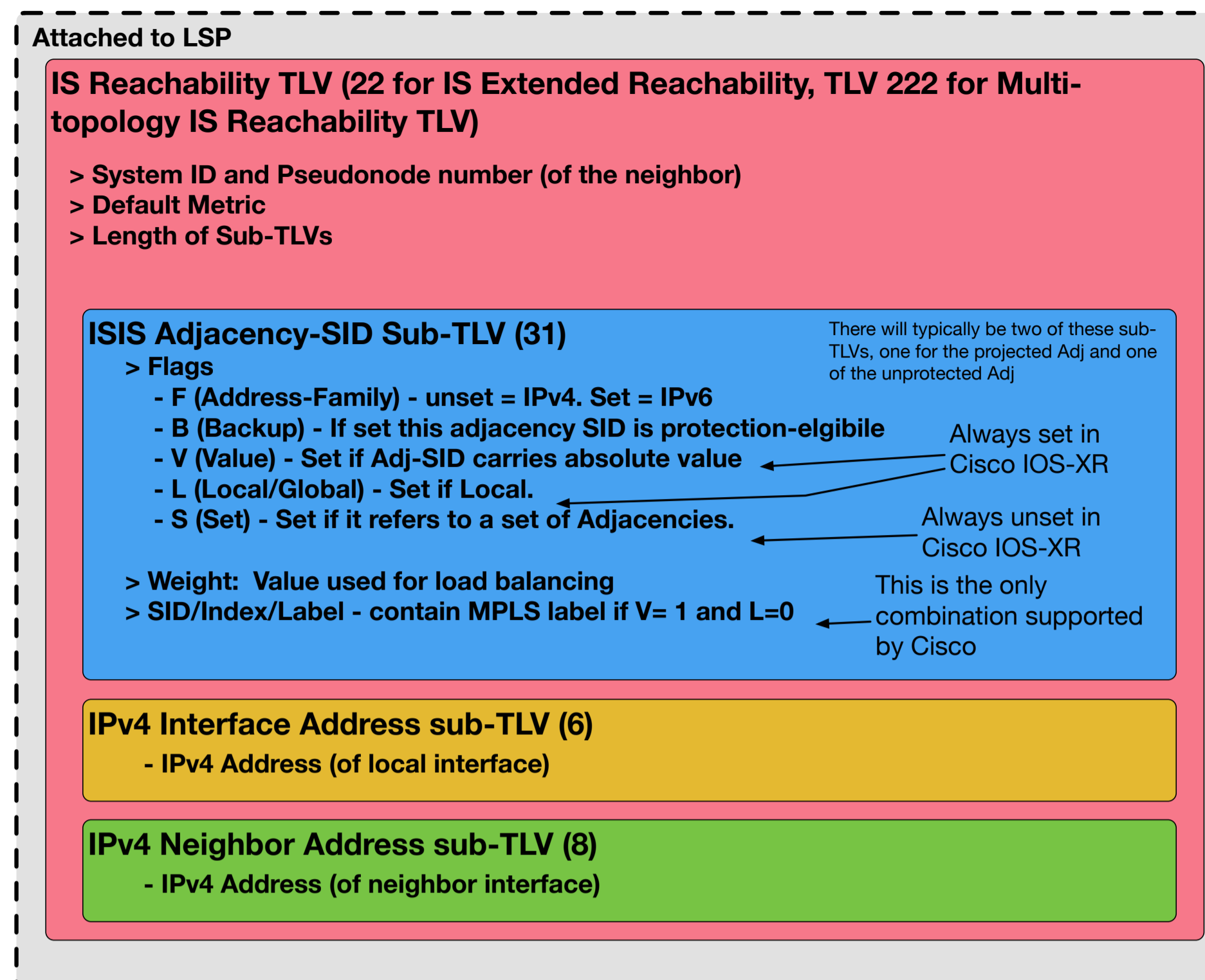
ISIS



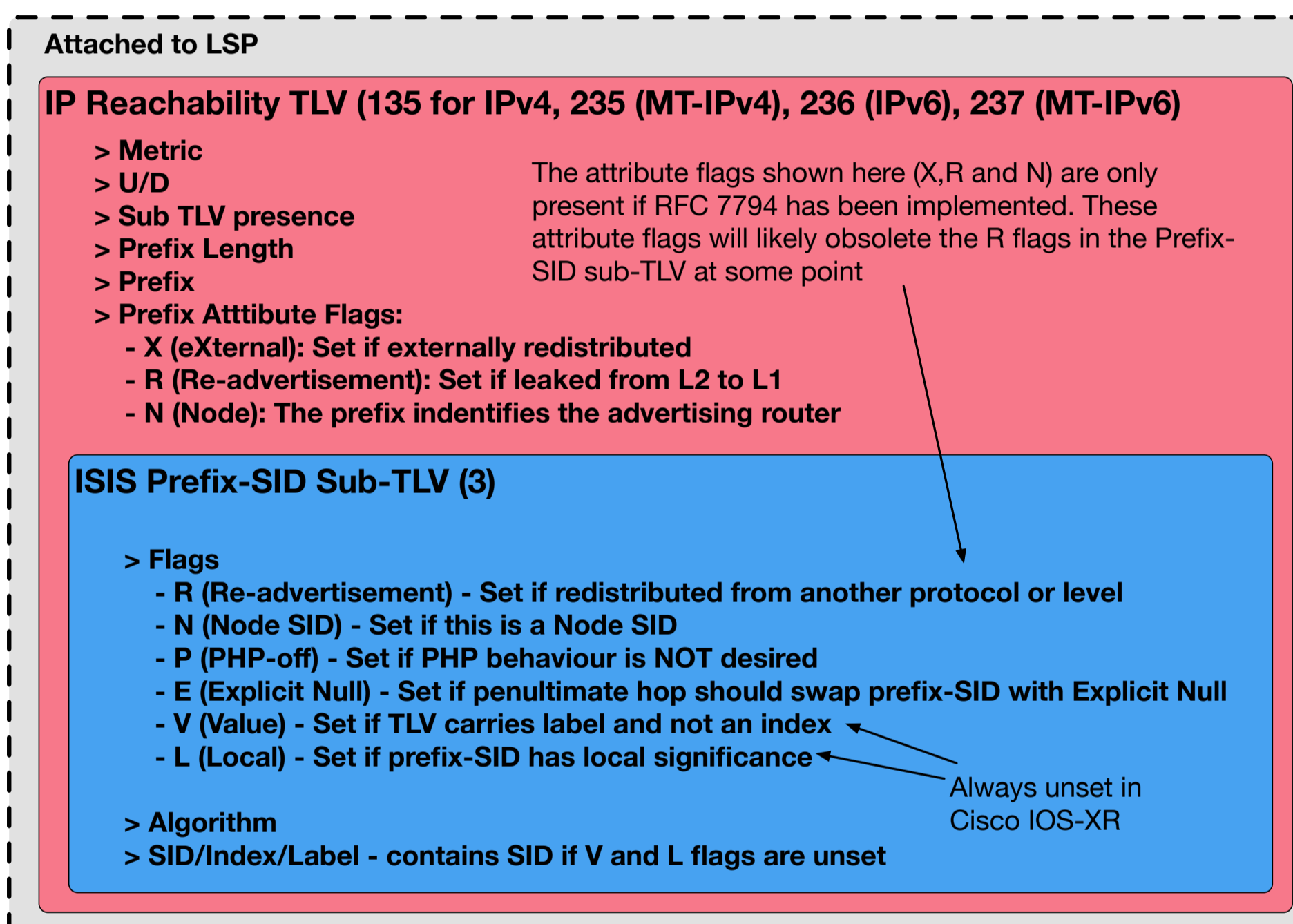
SR Capabilities



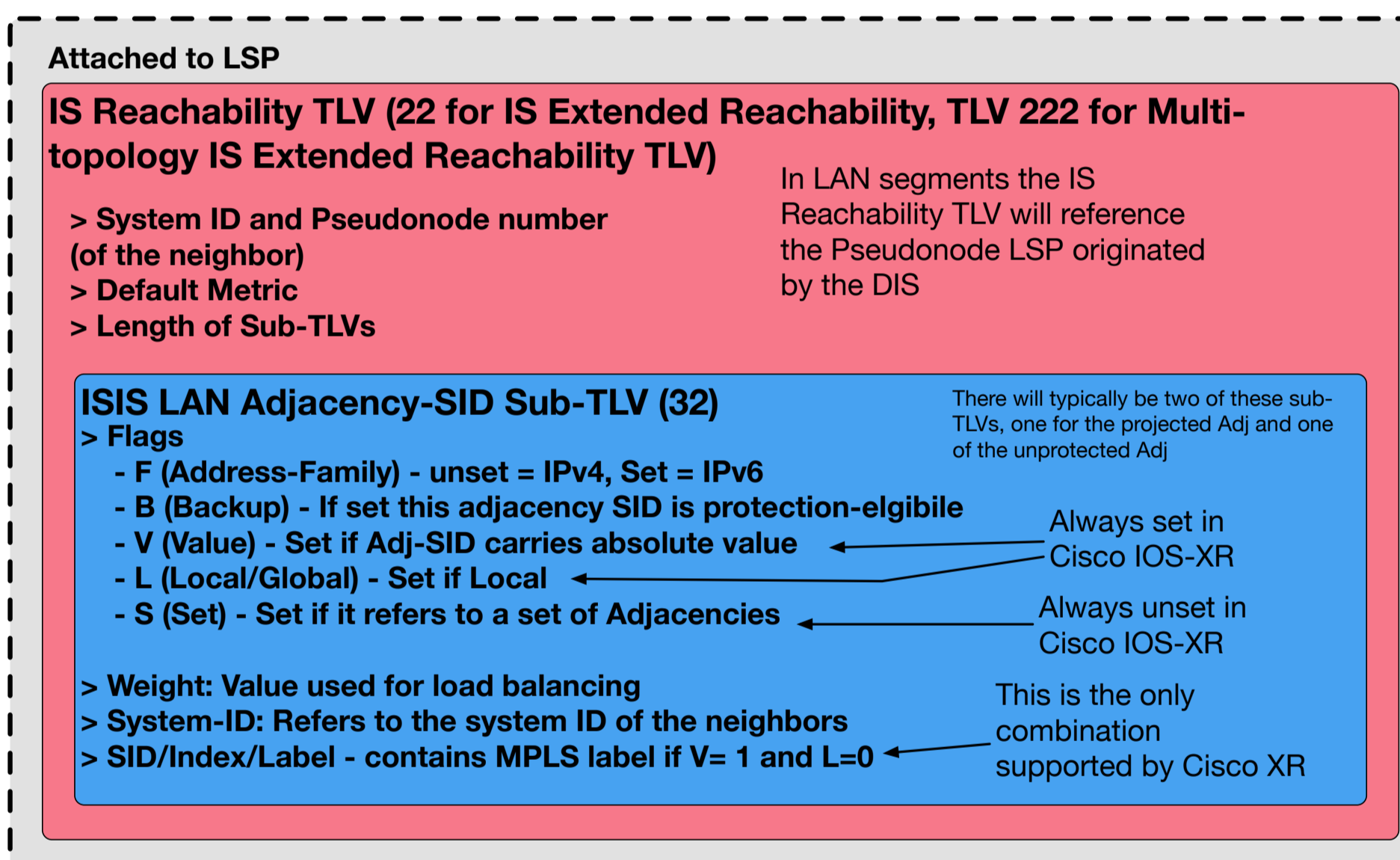
Adjacency-SID Advertisement (point-to-point)



Prefix-SID Advertisement



LAN Adjacency-SID Advertisement (on LAN)



Mapping Server Advertisement

